

APP-120 Revision 1 December 2023

Nanotrap[®] Microbiome A; 35 mL Manual Protocol with NucleoMag[®] DNA/RNA Water Extraction Kit

Objective: This protocol uses Nanotrap Microbiome A Particles and Nanotrap Enhancement Reagent 1 to capture and concentrate microbes in environmental water samples. It is optimized for microbe capture from 35 mL samples and is compatible with MACHEREY-NAGEL NucleoMag DNA/RNA Water Kit.

Materials and equipment:

Sample Type Environmental Water Samples	
Nanotrap Microbiome A Particles	Ceres Nanosciences; SKU# 44202
Nanotrap Enhancement Reagent 1 (ER1) ¹	Ceres Nanosciences; SKU# 10111
Nanotrap Buffer 2	Ceres Nanosciences; SKU# 10102
Extraction Kit	Vendor
NucleoMag DNA/RNA Water Extraction Kit	MACHEREY-NAGEL; REF 744220.1
Materials/Equipment	Vendor
Heat Block	Southern Labware; SKUBSH200
Mini Centrifuge	Scientific Industries; SKU WZ-MF6000
DynaMag™-50 Magnet	Thermo Fisher Scientific™; Cat# 12302D
DynaMag™-2 Magnet	Thermo Fisher Scientific; Cat# 12321D
50 mL Conical Centrifuge Tubes	Stellar Scientific; SKU T15-100
Tube Rotator	Stellar Scientific; SKU BS-RTMNI-2
Serological Pipettes and Controller	Fisherbrand; Cat# 13-678-11E
2mL Micro Centrifuge tubes	Stellar Scientific; SKU T20-100
Mini Vortex Mixer	Scientific Industries; SKU SI-236
General Reagents	Vendor
Molecular Biological Grade Water	Corning; Cat# 46-000-CM

¹ Precipitate can form in ER1 if stored below room temperature. Allow ER1 to return to room temperature to dissolve the precipitate (can invert 2-3 times to help resuspend, do not heat).

Capture and Extract Microbes using Nanotrap® Microbiome Particles

Procedure:

1. Nanotrap Microbiome A NucleoMag Manual Procedure-Part 1

- 1. Invert the environmental water sample 5 times to mix. Then, let it sit for 45 seconds at room temperature. (No need to wait for the sample to reach room temperature before processing)
- 2. Pipette 35 mL of environmental water sample into a clean 50 mL conical tube.
- 3. Add 100 μ L of Nanotrap Enhancement Reagent 1 (ER1) to the sample, cap the sample and then invert 2 times to mix it.
- 4. Add 525 μL of Nanotrap Microbiome A Particles (Nanotrap particles) to the sample, cap the sample and then invert 2 times to mix the particles.
- 5. Incubate samples with Nanotrap particles at room temperature for 30 minutes.

Note: Invert every 5 minutes or use a rotator.

- 6. Place the tube on a DynaMag-50 magnetic rack to separate the Nanotrap particles from the sample for 10 minutes.
- 7. Using a serological pipette, discard the supernatant carefully without disturbing the Nanotrap particle pellet.

Note: Can use a P-1000 or P-200 pipette to remove any remaining supernatant from the sample (be careful to not lose any Nanotrap particles when removing supernatant).

- 8. Add 1 mL of Nanotrap Buffer 2 to the tube and re-suspend the Nanotrap particle pellet by pipetting on the walls of the conical tube, gently re-suspend until all Nanotrap particles have been completely collected.
- 9. Transfer the Nanotrap particle suspension to a new 2 mL microcentrifuge tube.
- 10. Place the 2 mL microcentrifuge tube on a DynaMag-2 magnetic rack to separate the Nanotrap particles from the sample for 2 minutes.
- 11. Using a P-1000 pipette, discard the supernatant carefully without disturbing the Nanotrap particle pellet.

Note: If any small amount of liquid is still present, use a smaller pipette to remove all the supernatant from the bottom of the tube.

- 12. Add 500 μ L of Lysis buffer MWA1 to Nanotrap particle pellet, pipette up and down until Nanotrap particles are resuspended completely.
- 13. Close the tube lid, incubate the samples on a heating block at 56°C for 10 minutes.
- 14. Place the 2 mL microcentrifuge tube on a DynaMag-2 magnetic rack to separate the Nanotrap particles from the sample for 2 minutes.

Note: May need to briefly centrifuge the tube (Mini Centrifuge at 2000 g for 2-5 seconds) to remove drops from inside the lid before magnetic separation.

- 15. Transfer 450 μ L of supernatant/lysate to a new 2 mL collection tube and discard the Nanotrap particles pellet.
- 16. Sample is now ready for Part 2.

2. Nanotrap Microbiome A NucleoMag Manual Procedure-Part 2

- 1. Add 475 μL of Binding Buffer MWA2 to the sample/lysate.
- 2. Add 25 μL of NucleoMag B-beads to the sample/lysate.
- 3. Vortex to mix, then incubate at room temperature for 10 minutes.

Note: Invert every 5 minutes or use a rotator.

4. Place the tube on a DynaMag-2 magnetic rack to separate the magnetic beads from the sample for 2 minutes, then discard the supernatant using a pipette.

Note: May need to briefly centrifuge the tube (Mini Centrifuge at 2000 g for 2-5 seconds) to remove drops from inside the lid before magnetic separation.

- 5. Add 850 μ L of Wash Buffer MWA3 to sample and re-suspend the magnetic beads using a pipette.
- 6. Place the tube on a DynaMag-2 magnetic rack to separate the magnetic beads from the sample for 2 minutes, then discard the supernatant.
- 7. Repeat the pellet wash with 850 µL of Wash Buffer MWA3.
- 8. Place the tube on a DynaMag-2 magnetic rack to separate the magnetic beads from the sample for 2 minutes, then discard the supernatant.
- 9. Add 850 µL of Wash Buffer MWA4 to sample and re-suspend the magnetic beads using a pipette.
- 10. Place the tube on a DynaMag-2 magnetic rack to separate the magnetic beads from the sample for 2 minutes, then discard the supernatant by using a pipette.
- 11. Centrifuge the tube (Mini Centrifuge at 2000 g for 30 seconds).
- 12. Place the tube on a DynaMag-2 magnetic rack, then remove excess Wash Buffer MWA4 using a smaller pipette.
- 13. Take samples off magnetic rack, open caps, allow samples to air dry at room temperature for 10 minutes.
- 14. Add 100 μL of RNase-free Water to re-suspend the magnetic beads and then incubate at 56° C for 5 minutes on a heat block (close caps).
- 15. Place the tube in the DynaMag-2 magnetic rack to separate the magnetic beads from the sample for 2 minutes.

Note: May need to briefly centrifuge the tube (Mini Centrifuge at 2000 g for 2-5 seconds) to remove drops/condensation from inside the lid before magnetic separation.

16. Transfer the supernatant to a new tube, the sample is ready for downstream analysis or can be stored at -80° C.

Note: Multiple freeze-thaw cycles may cause degradation.
